Holistic Prevention, Treatment, Reintegration, and Governance Program for Women With Fistula in Kissidougou, Guinea Moustapha Diallo, Mieko McKay, and Michelle Trombley

# **Obstetric Fistula Background**

### Causes:

- Unavailability of quality health services, e.g. access to cesarean deliveries
- Burden of transportation
- Early childbearing and gender inequality
- Poor governance

Chronic incontinence

#### **Consequences:**

Still birth



Abandonment or neglect

## Democratic Local Governance

Framework of good governance and democracy used to address root causes of fistula and engage local government in community social and health issues by:

- · Fostering transparency and citizen participation in use of public resources.
- · Promoting community involvement and mobilization around maternal health/fistula.

## Fistula Prevention

- Local government spearheaded creation of the Village Safe Motherhood Committees Approach to increase community involvement in fistula prevention.
- Volunteers sensitize communities about maternal health, fistula treatment and prevention and create links between the community and health facilities.
- Since the start of the project:
  - 20 committees have been formed.
  - 77 volunteers have been recruited.



# **Components of the Guinea Fistula Care Program**

### **Democratic Local Governance**

Prevention



Reintegration

### **Fistula Repairs**

## **Fistula Repair Services**

· Project strengthens the capacity of supported sites to provide comprehensive fistula care by training surgical teams, and providing equipment and supervision/follow-up.



- As of December 2009, a total of 607 repairs have been conducted (since September 2005).

## **Reintegration of Women Post Fistula Surgery**

### The Social Immersion Approach

After discharge, women who have undergone profound emotion distress live on a voluntary basis with local host families for 2-3 weeks.

 Women receive social support and information on postoperative care, causes of fistula and prevention and interpersonal communication skills.



· Fosters community agents of change: 37 of the 96 hosted women have conducted awareness raising sessions in their communities.

## Lessons Learned

### The holistic approach:

- Is a transformative process that goes beyond physical treatment to address emotional and psychosocial issues.
- Improves confidence and rebuilds self esteem, creating agents of change.
- Improves links between fistula repair facilities and the surrounding community.
- Creates an *enabling environment* for a comprehensive fistula program and is instrumental to the improvement of maternal health outcomes.
- Creates strategic alliances with and within the community, creating opportunities for program sustainability.





